

**BRUKER NANO ANALYTICS** 

## Microanalysis Of Battery Materials

Bruker KOREA
Application Team
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#### **Presenters**



### Sungji Choi

- Application specialist
- EDS / EBSD / FlatQUAD / Micro-XRF / WDS
- Bruker Nano Analytics, Korea

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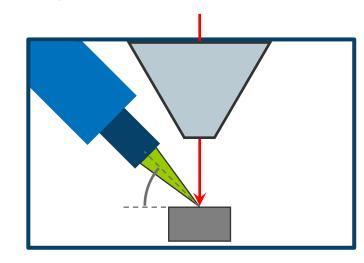
#### How to get the most information – use FlatQUAD for better detection

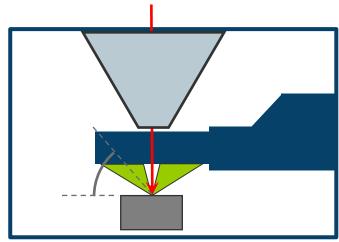




#### How to get the most information - use FlatQUAD for better detection

Conventional detector 60 mm<sup>2</sup> EDS detector @WD= 10mm FlatQUAD detector
60 mm² (4x15mm²)
@WD=10mm





take off angle=35° solid angle=0.043 sr

take off angle= $60-70^{\circ}$  solid angle = 1.1 sr

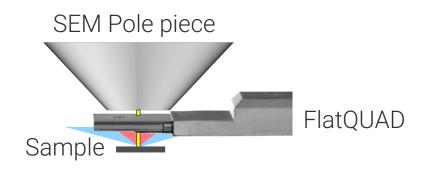
**→** 

Better view of sample topography

x15-30 more X-ray signal: less measurement time needed

# Bruker XFlash® FlatQUAD detector Features and advantages









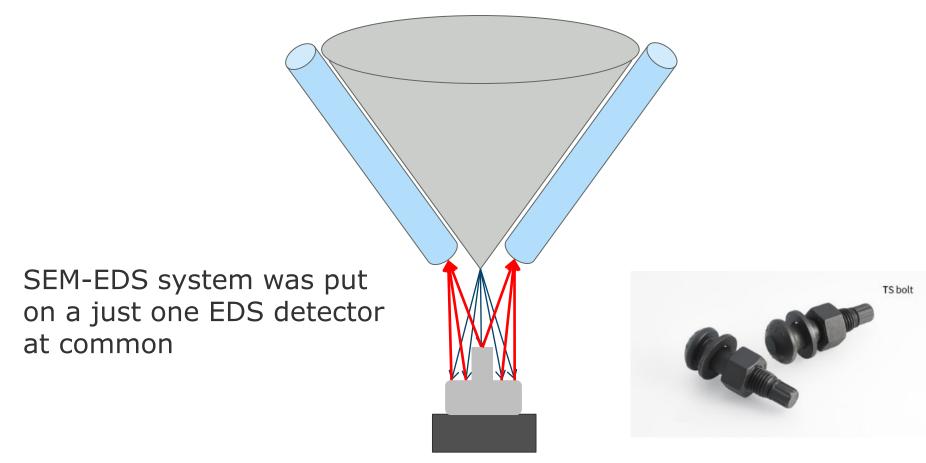
- Annular 4-segment (4x) SDD geometry, central ap.
- Side entry EDS (STEM/BSE like)
- Large solid angle of 1.1 sr
- High take-off angle (~60°)
- Optimal signal collection geometry

- High sensitivity at very low probe currents ~few pA
- Minimize sample charging/damage/C-deposition at low PC
- High vacuum conditions EDS high resolution
- Low vacuum capability
- Moderate probe currents for high-speed EDS mapping
- Low x-ray yield samples: Low PC High resolution
- Nanoparticles, Thin lamellae, beam sensitive materials

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#### **Shadow effect**



If your samples having a roughness at surface, Easy to get a shadow effect by one way detection

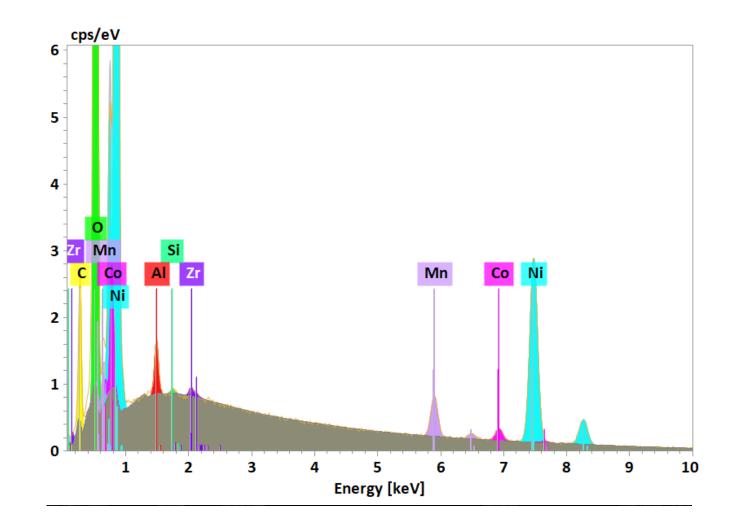


- Electron microscopy: SE imaging gives morphological information.
- Flatquad EDS detector allows for very fast mapping of spherical particles without shadowing effect (full particle is mapped)
- High sensitivity allows detection of contaminants in short time.
- No low vacuum, no inert gas transfer and no sample coating needed
- Sample: NCM particles (raw material) loosely distributed on sticky carbon pad





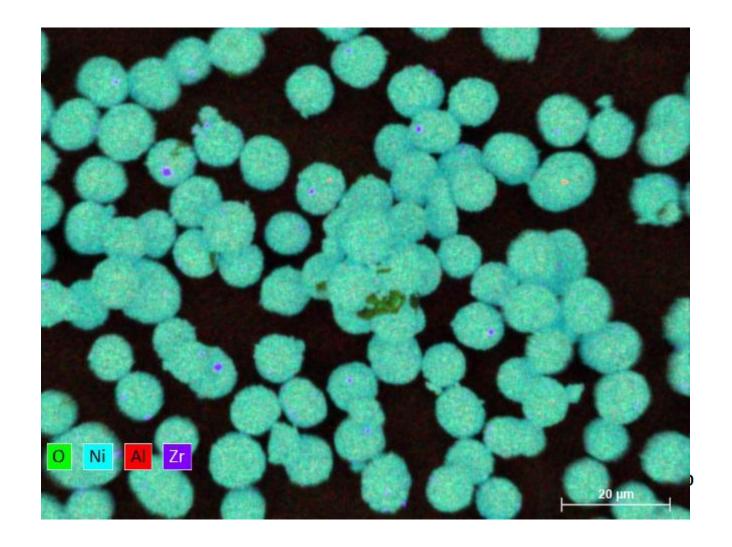
- Sum spectrum: elements are identified
- Individual element maps:
  - C: sample substrate
  - Ni, Co, Mn: NCM main components
  - O: inhomogeneity of oxide material, oxidation, contamination?
  - Al: sintering agent or dopant?
  - Zr: sintering agent or dopant?



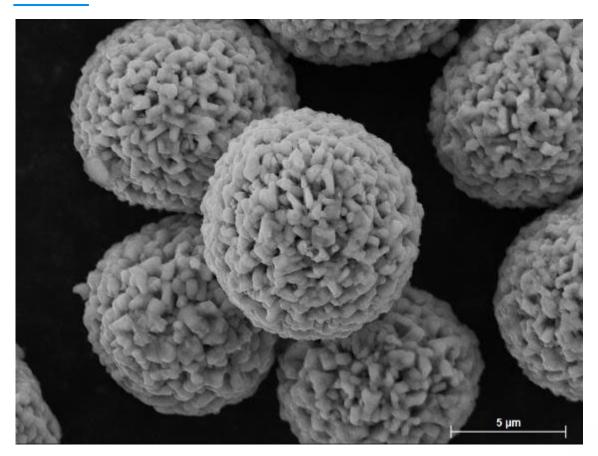
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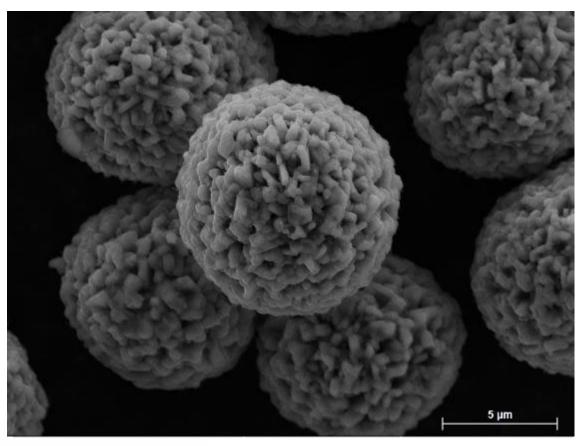


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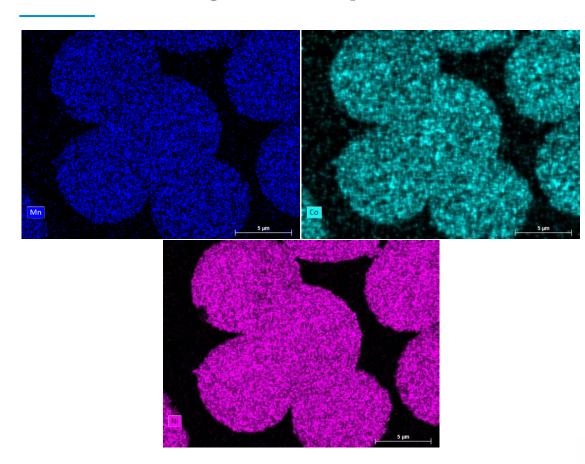




Conventional EDS 12 kV / 510pA 12

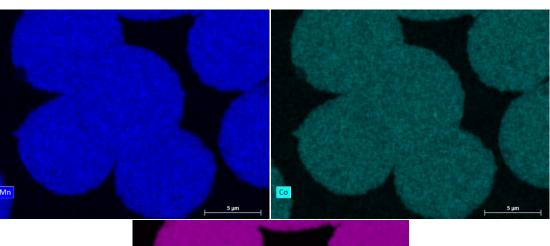
XFlash® FlatQUAD 12 kV / 510pA

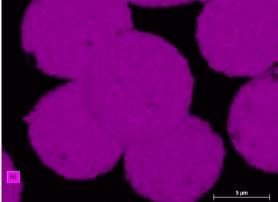






12 kV / 510pA / 600s / **7,190 cps** 

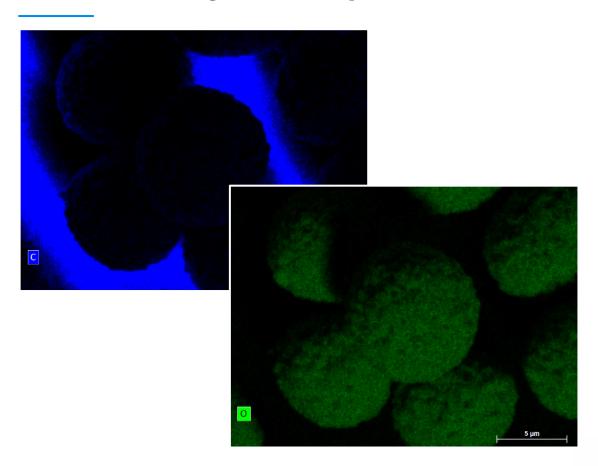


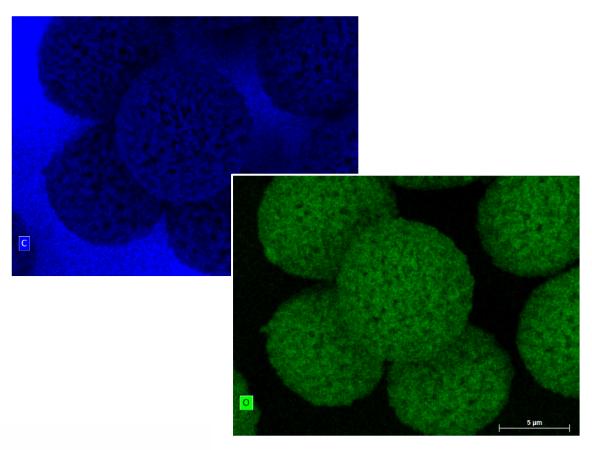


XFlash® FlatQUAD

12 kV / 510pA / 600s / **133,900 cps** 





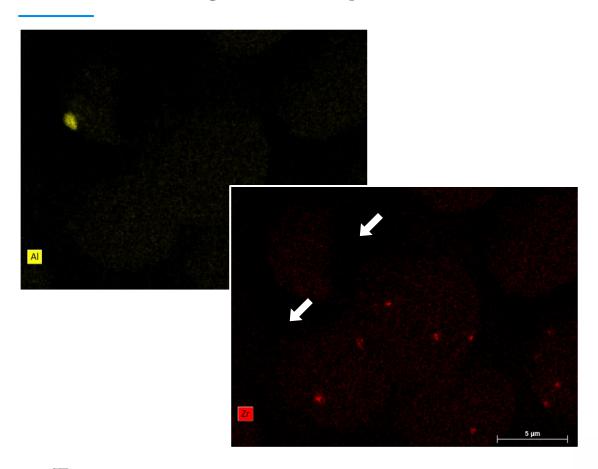


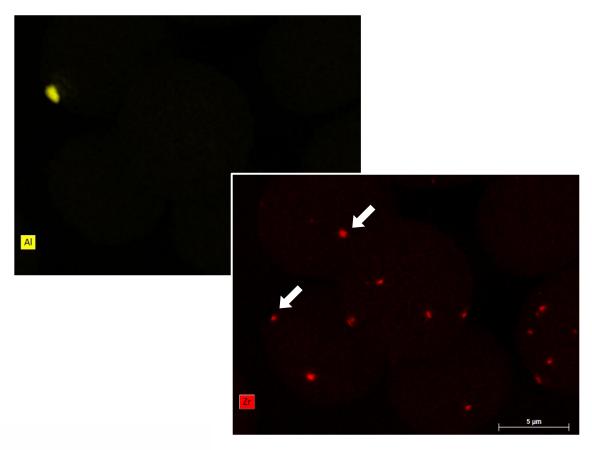
**Conventional EDS** 

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XFlash® FlatQUAD 12 kV / 510pA / 600s / 133,900 cps





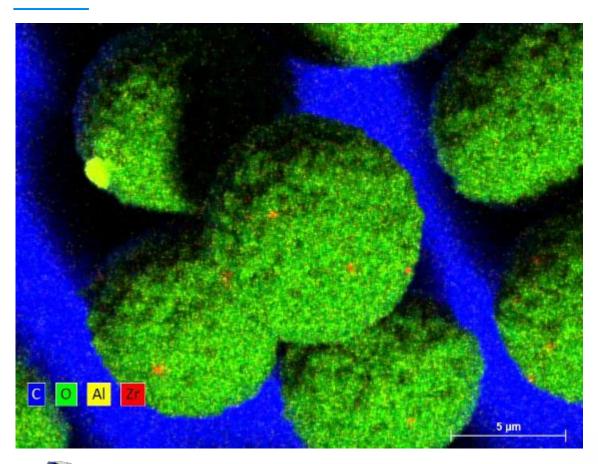


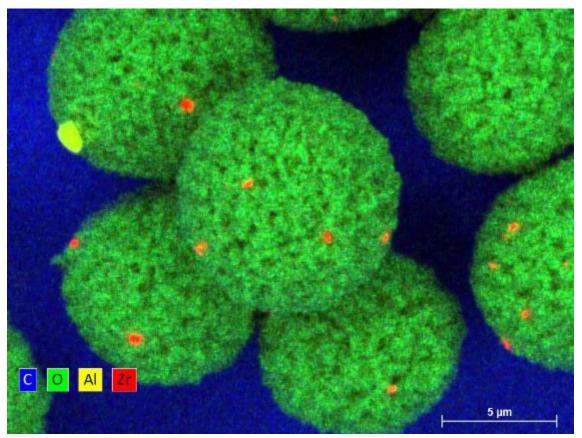
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XFlash® FlatQUAD 12 kV / 510pA / 600s / 133,900 cps







Conventional EDS

12 kV / 510pA / 600s / **7,190 cps** 

XFlash® F 12 kV / 51

XFlash® FlatQUAD 12 kV / 510pA / 600s / 133,900 cps







**Conventional EDS** 

12 kV / 510pA / 600s / **7,190 cps** 

XFlash® FlatQUAD 12 kV / 510pA / 600s / **133,900 cps** 

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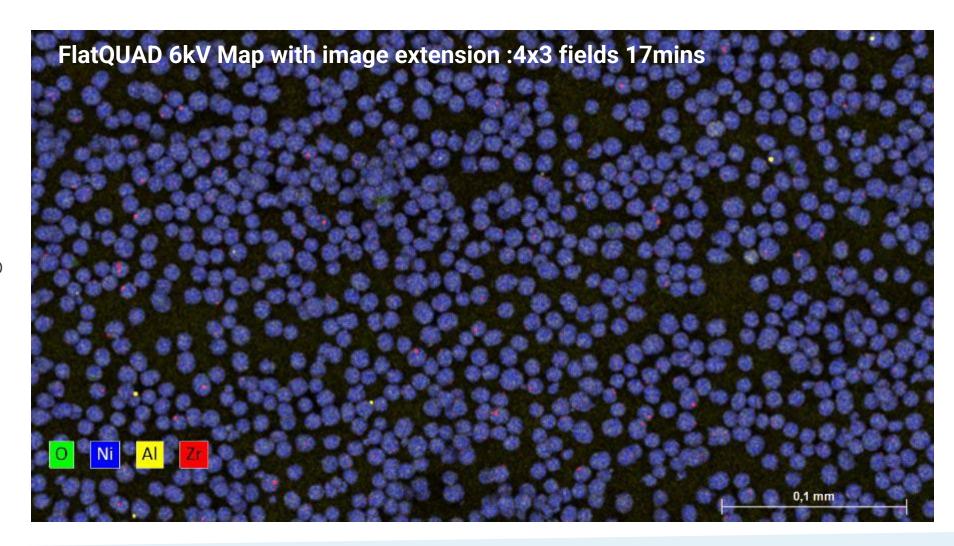


#### Pre-screening of NCM particles: large area scans

 FlatQUAD makes fast element distribution maps possible: ->survey of large areas, particle screening with microscope stage automation:

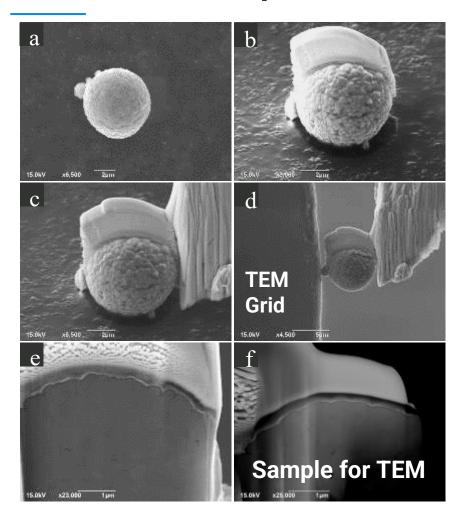
Use higher beam current to maximize count rate

-> minimize analysis time

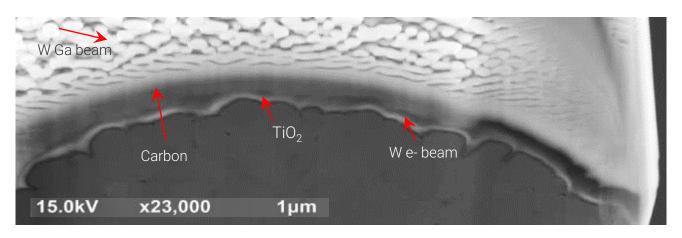




#### **ALD coated NCM particle - FIB lamella**



**Motivation:** Ti-Coating to enhance capacity **Challenge:** HAADF contrast can not distinguish between W protection layer and Ti coating -> measure with EDS



Watch on-demand joint webinar on on demand:
Significance of STEM-EDXS Analysis in the Characterization of

Rechargeable Battery Components

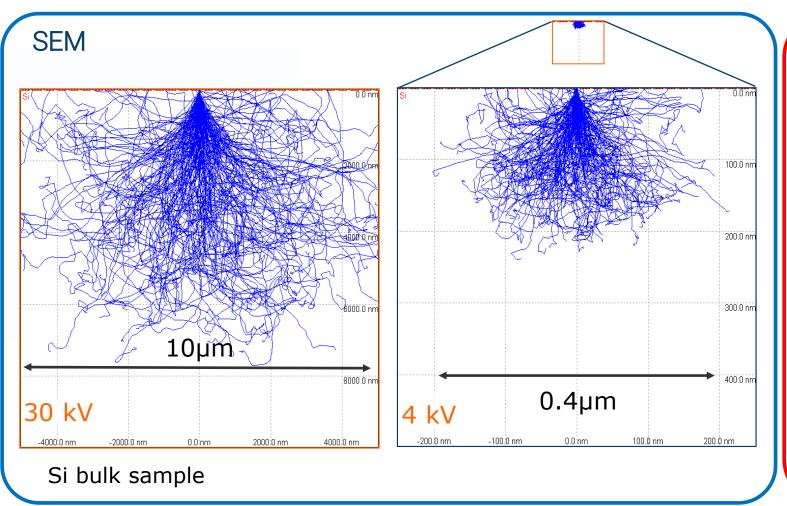
Data courtesy: M. Malaki, S. Ahmed, Philipps University Marburg, Germany

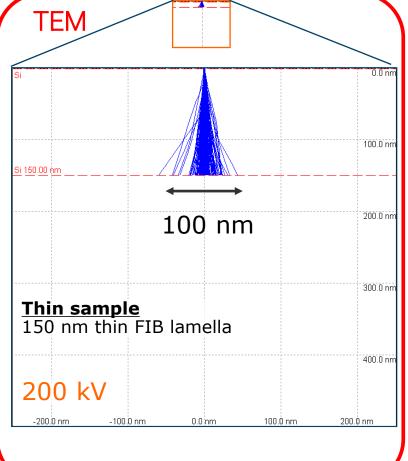






#### **Spatial resolution of X-rays analysis**





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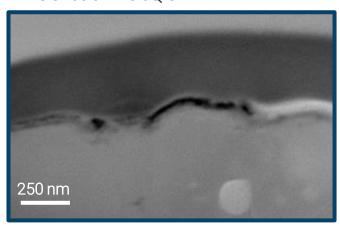
#### ALD coated NCM particle sample: STEM/EDS-SEM/EDS comparsion

STEM 200kV HAADF image

SEM 20kV In-lens image

250 nm

SEM 20kV SE image with inserted FlatQUAD

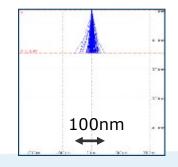


Images taken under measurement conditions optimized for EDS analysis

250 nm

Image quality does not affect EDS resolution on this scale!

Sample and data courtesy: Michael Malaki, Shamail Ahmed, Materials Sciences Center, Philipps University Marburg



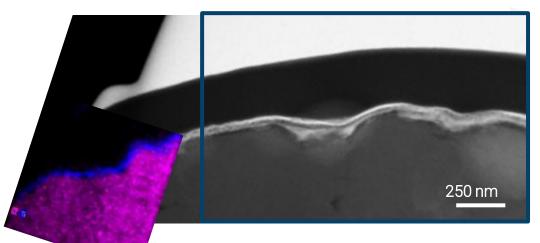


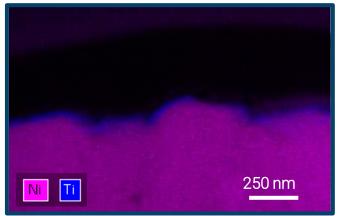
#### ALD coated NCM particle sample: STEM/EDS-SEM/EDS comparsion

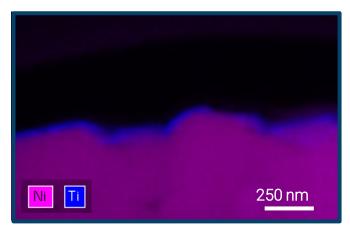
STEM 200kV 60 mm<sup>2</sup> EDS detector











Total measurement time= 8 min Beam current= 0.2 nA Input count rate ~ 1,000 cps

Total measurement time= 34 min Beam current=2 nA Input count rate ~ 30,000 cps

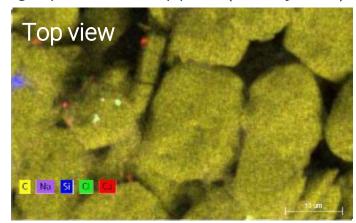
Total measurement time= 5 min Beam current= 2 nA Input count rate ~ 460,000 cps



#### Ex-situ contamination analysis of anode/cathode material

Anode sample:

graphite on copper (not cycled)



Cathode sample:

LiPO4 on aluminum (not cycled)









Join our joint webinar on 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2023!

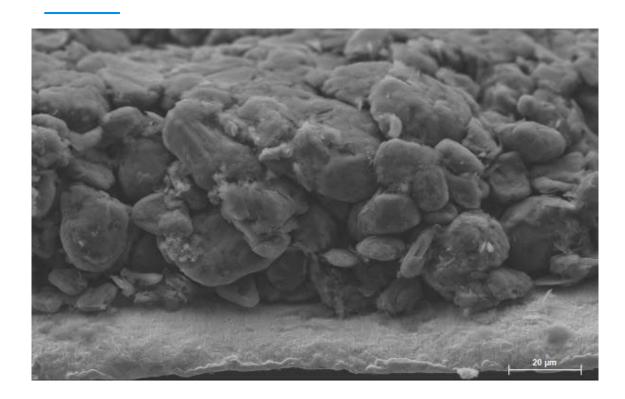
Elemental Mapping (EDS) for the Optimization of Battery Materials and Processes

Register under:

https://www.bruker.com



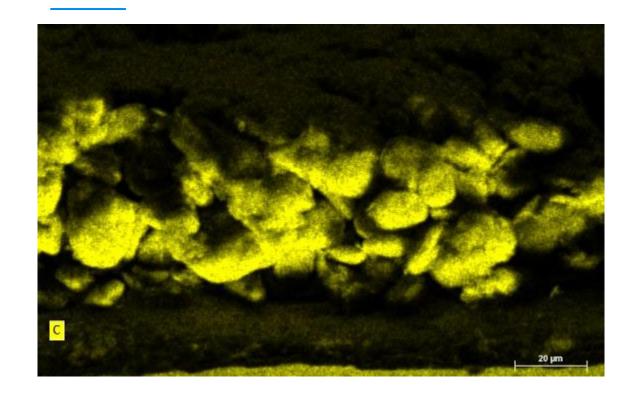
#### **ANODE** cross section – XFlash® 760 vs FlatQUAD

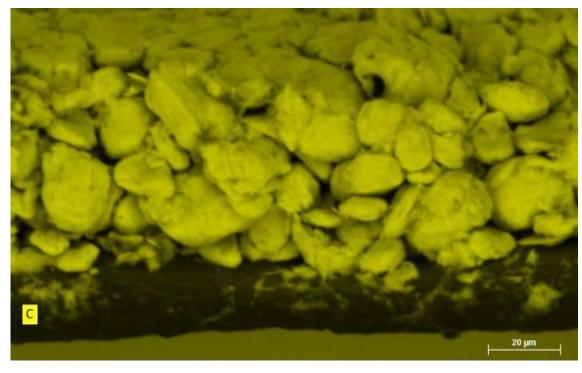


Analysis parameters						
Detector	XFlash® 760	XFlash® FlatQUAD				
High voltage	12 kV	12 kV				
Beam current	1.2 nA	1.2 nA				
Mapping time	30 min	7 min				
Input count rate (ICR)	19,500 cps	667,000 cps				

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#### ANODE cross section - XFlash® 760 vs FlatQUAD Shadowed areas







XFlash® 760 12 kV / 1.2 nA / 30m / **19,500 cps** 

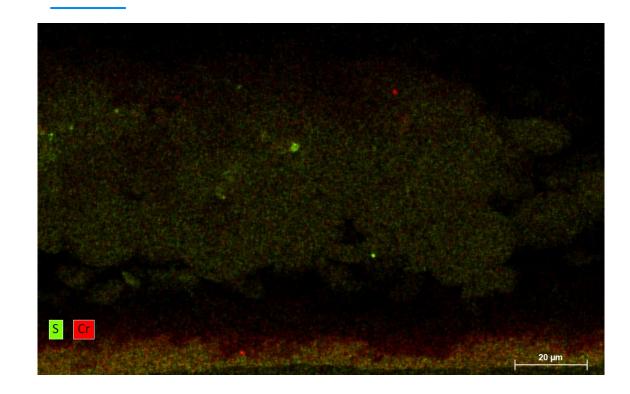


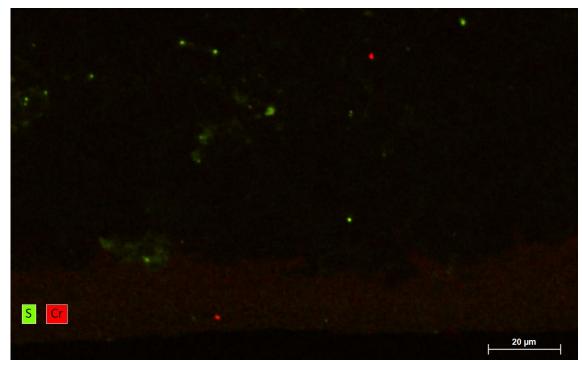
12 kV / 1.2 nA / 7m / **667,400 cps** 

XFlash® FlatQUAD

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# ANODE cross section – XFlash® 760 vs FlatQUAD: Finding "hiding elements": S, Cr







Noisier maps, Shadowed areas



Less noise in maps,
 Access to deeper /shadowed areas

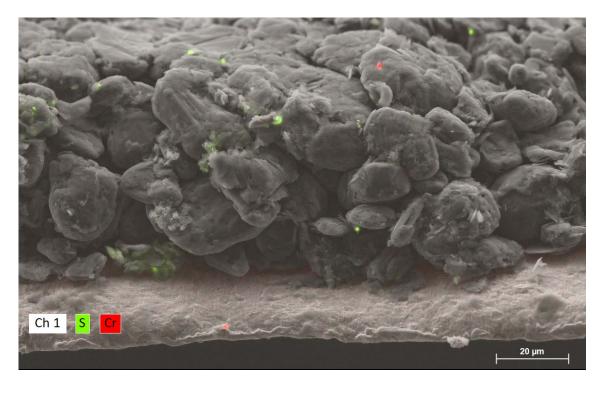
XFlash® FlatQUAD

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#### **ANODE** cross section – XFlash® 760 vs FlatQUAD:

Finding "hiding elements": S, Cr







Noisier maps, Shadowed areas



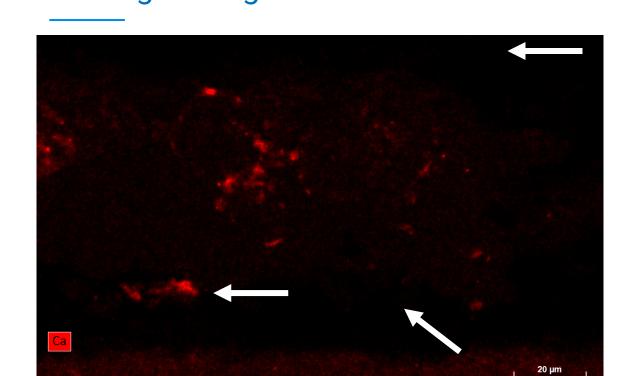
XFlash® FlatQUAD

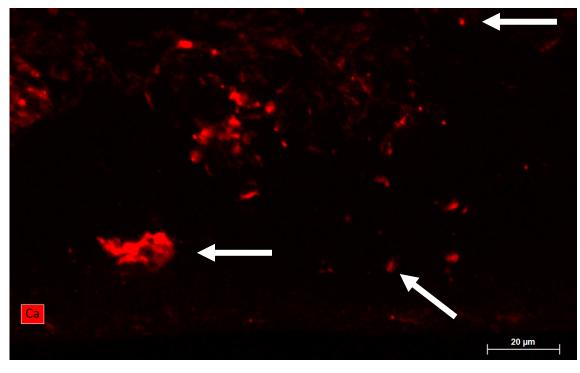
Less noise in maps, Access to deeper /shadowed areas

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# ANODE cross section – XFlash® 760 vs FlatQUAD: Finding "hiding elements": Ca







Noisier maps, Shadowed areas

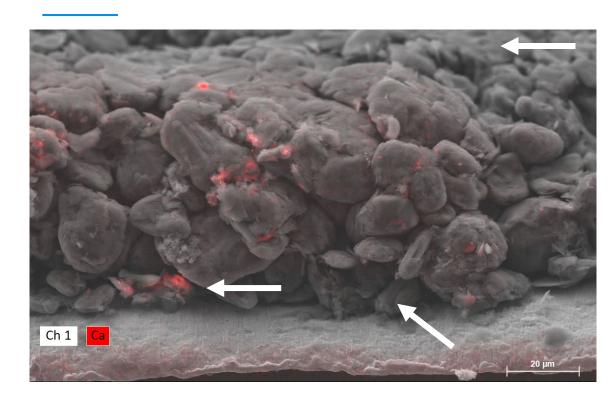


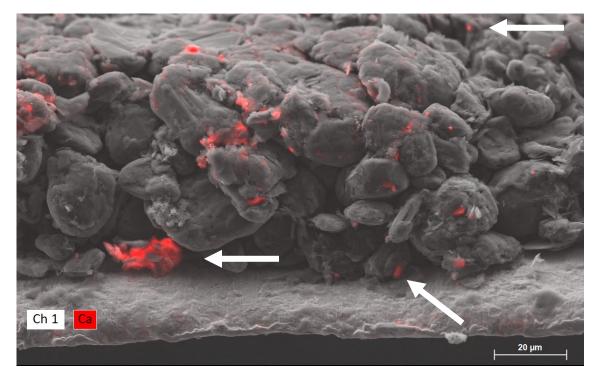
Less noise in maps,
 Access to deeper /shadowed areas

XFlash® FlatQUAD

### **ANODE** cross section – XFlash® 760 vs FlatQUAD:

#### Finding "hiding elements": Ca







Noisier maps, Shadowed areas



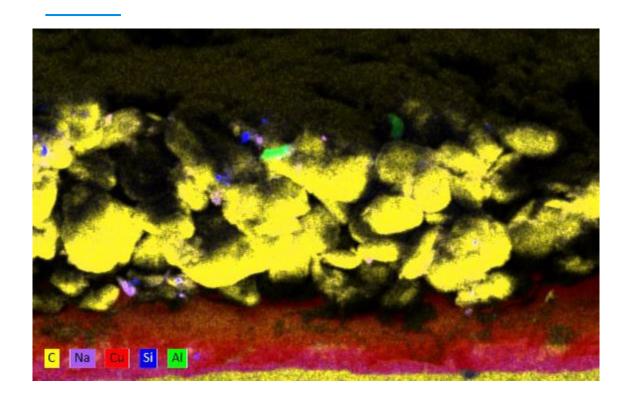
Less noise in maps, Access to deeper /shadowed areas

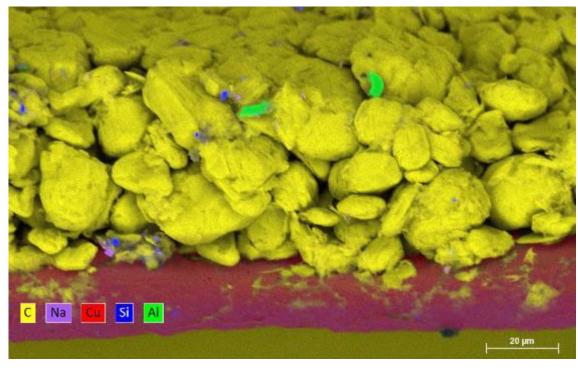
XFlash® FlatQUAD

Webinar link: Elemental Mapping (EDS) for the Optimization of Battery Materials and Processes



#### ANODE cross section - XFlash® 760 vs FlatQUAD







Noisier maps, Shadowed areas

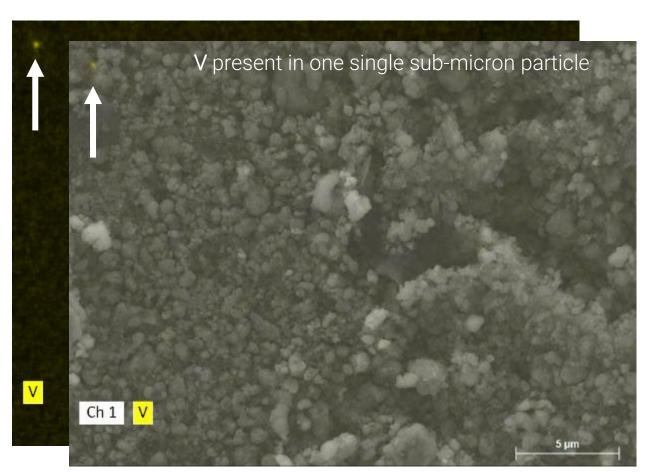


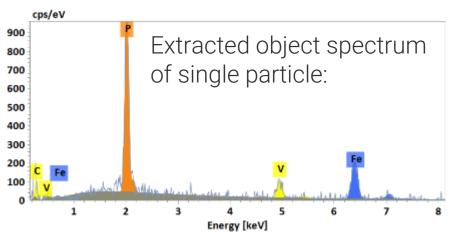
Less noise in maps, Access to deeper /shadowed areas

XFlash® FlatQUAD



#### **CATHODE** - Identify and locate contaminants in very low concentration





Element	At. No.	Line series	Mass Norm. [%]	Atom [%]	abs. error [mass%] (3 σ)
С	6	K	6,02	19,63	2,40
P	15	K	24,35	30,79	6,66
V	23	K	11,43	8,79	4,78
Fe	26	K	58,19	40,80	25,64
			100,00	100,00	



Area coverage= 0.01%

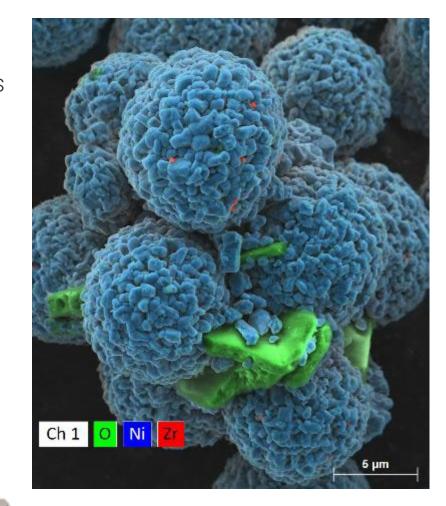
Local concentration of V: 11% -> 11 ppm V detected within 3 minutes of measurement time!

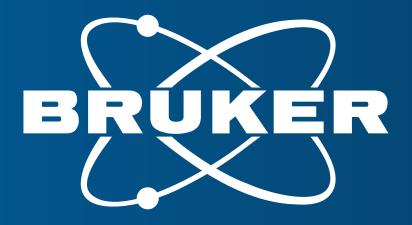
XFlash® FlatQUAD



#### **Summary**

- XFlash® FlatQUAD: High sensitivity, high speed at low probe currents
- Faster chemical analysis of battery materials at high resolution / large area analysis
- Battery materials highly topographic: Better view of topography,
   hidden elements/contaminants visible
- 4 segment, side entry EDS detector, detection from Boron, ideal for battery applications





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